

SYNTHESIS OF A NEW TYPE OF PYRAZOLOTHIAZOLES*

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Received June 18th, 1987

Pyrazolothiazoles *IV* have been synthesized by the condensation of appropriate 3,4,5-trisubstituted 1-thiocarbamoylpyrazoles *I*, *II* with various (ω -bromoacetyl)coumarins *III*.

In continuation of our work on the synthesis of heterocyclic systems derived from coumarin¹⁻³ we herein report the synthesis of 3-[2-(3,4,5-trisubstituted 1*H*-pyrazol-1-yl)-4-thiazolyl]-2*H*-1-benzopyran-2-ones *IV* in a single step from substituted 3-(ω -bromoacetyl)coumarin *III*.

3,4,5-Trisubstituted 1-thiocarbamoyl pyrazoles *I*, *II* on condensation with substituted 3-(ω -bromoacetyl)coumarins *III* in ethanol and *N,N*-dimethylformamide furnished the title compounds *IV*. Some of the hydroxy and *N*-arylamine analogues

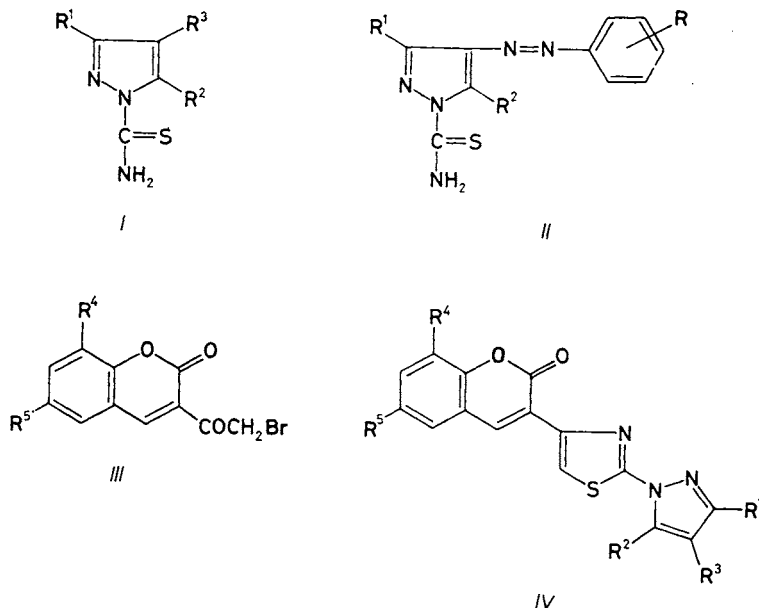
* Part V in the series Studies on Coumarin Derivatives; Part IV see ref.¹.

TABLE I
3-[2-(3,4,5-Trisubstituted 1*H*-pyrazol-1-yl)-4-thiazolyl]-2*H*-1-benzopyran-2-ones *IV* and acetyl derivatives

Compound ^a	R ¹ R ²	R ³	R ⁴ R ⁵	M.p. °C	Calculated/found	
					% N	% S
<i>IVa</i>	CH ₃	H	H	220—222	13.00	9.90
	CH ₃		H		13.02	9.88
<i>IVb</i>	CH ₃	H	OCH ₃	216—218	11.90	9.06
	CH ₃		H		11.80	9.04
<i>IVc</i>	CH ₃	H	H	260—262	10.45	7.96
	CH ₃		Br		10.42	7.94
<i>IVd</i>	CH ₃	H	Br	221—223	8.73	6.65
	CH ₃		Br		8.74	6.68
<i>IVe</i>	CH ₃	phenylazo	H	102—103	13.84	6.32
	CH ₃		Br		13.82	6.30
<i>IVf</i>	CH ₃	phenylazo	H	98—99	11.97	5.47
	CH ₃		Br		11.94	5.48
<i>IVg</i>	CH ₃	phenylazo	OCH ₃	105—107	15.39	7.03
	CH ₃		H		15.37	7.02
<i>IVh</i>	CH ₃	<i>p</i> -methoxy-phenylazo	H	80—82	13.06	5.97
	CH ₃		Br		13.04	5.96
<i>IVi</i>	CH ₃	<i>p</i> -methoxy-phenylazo	Br	145—147	11.38	5.20
	CH ₃		Br		11.36	5.22
<i>IVj</i>	<i>o</i> -HOC ₆ H ₄	H	H	83—85	9.07	6.91
	C ₆ H ₅		H		9.04	6.92
<i>IVk</i>	<i>o</i> -HOC ₆ H ₄	H	H	120—122	7.75	5.90
	C ₆ H ₅		Br		7.74	5.87
<i>IVl</i>	<i>o</i> -HOC ₆ H ₄	H	Br	93—95	6.76	5.15
	C ₆ H ₅		Br		6.74	5.12
<i>IVm</i>	<i>o</i> -CH ₃ COOC ₆ H ₄	H	H	75—77	8.32	6.34
	C ₆ H ₅		H		8.34	6.30
<i>IVn</i>	<i>o</i> -CH ₃ COOC ₆ H ₄	H	H	250—251	14.00	8.00
	C ₆ H ₅ NH		H		14.00	7.90
<i>IVo</i>	CH ₃	H	H	190—192	12.68	7.24
	C ₆ H ₅ NCOCH ₃		H		12.66	7.22
<i>IVp</i>	CH ₃	<i>p</i> -methoxy-phenylazo	H	80—83	15.32	7.00
	CH ₃		H		15.30	7.02
<i>IVq</i>	CH ₃	<i>p</i> -methoxy-phenylazo	OCH ₃	105—107	14.38	6.57
	CH ₃		H		14.36	6.56
<i>IVr</i>	CH ₃	phenylazo	H	76—78	16.39	7.19
	CH ₃		H		16.38	7.17

^a All compounds were obtained in 70—80% yields and satisfactory C, H analysis have been obtained. Compounds *IVg*, *IVk*, *IVm*, *IVo*, *IVp*, *IVq*, and *IVr* were recrystallized from methanol, the others from benzene.

of these compounds on treatment with acetic anhydride and pyridine yielded the corresponding acetates.

Most of the title compounds exhibited three absorption bands in the UV region, at 250 ± 5 nm, 295 nm, and 340 nm. Compound *IVa* exhibited in IR spectra (KBr; ν_{\max} , cm^{-1}) bands at 1 270, 1 610, 1 720 due to C—S—, C=N—, and lactone carbonyl of coumarin. ^1H NMR spectrum (C^2HCl_3) of *IVa* showed signals at δ 2.30 s, 3 H (C_3 —methyl): 2.8 s, 3 H (C_5 —methyl): 6.0 s, 1 H, (pyrazole proton at C_4): 7.2–7.7 m, 4 H (aromatic): 8.2 s, 1 H (thiazole proton at C_5) and 8.5 s, 1 H, (coumarin at C_4). Mass spectrum: m/z 323 (M^+ , 100%), 308(8), 306(12), 295(5), 282(4), 202(4), 146(10), and 145(10).

Treatment of the hydroxy (*IVj*) and the N-arylamine (*IVn*) derivatives with hot acetic anhydride in the presence of a catalytic amount of pyridine gave the corresponding acetates *IVm* and *IVo*. IR spectrum (Nujol: ν_{\max} , cm^{-1}) of these compounds showed the absence of bands corresponding to —O—H and —NH— while exhibiting absorption bands at 1 750 (—O—COCH₃) and at 1 770 cm^{-1} (—N—COCH₃) in addition to the other characteristic absorptions indicating the formation of the desired products.

EXPERIMENTAL

All the melting points are uncorrected. IR spectra (ν_{\max} , cm^{-1}) were recorded on a Perkin-Elmer 282 instrument. ^1H NMR spectra were scanned on a Varian spectrometer using tetramethylsilane as internal standard. Mass spectrum was scanned on a Jeol-JMS-D300 (Japan) mass spectrometer at 70 eV.

The substituted 3-(ω -bromoacetyl)coumarins were prepared by bromination of the appropriate 3-acetylcoumarins⁴ using bromine in chloroform. 3,5-Dimethyl-4-substituted-1-thiocarbamoylpyrazoles have been prepared by the known procedure⁵.

3-[2-(3,4,5-Trisubstituted 1*H*-pyrazol-1-yl)-4-thiazolyl]-2*H*-1-benzopyran-2-ones *IV*

A mixture of the substituted 3-(ω -bromoacetyl)coumarin (1 mmol) and the appropriate 3,4,5-trisubstituted 1-thiocarbamoylpyrazole (1 mmol) was refluxed in ethanol (15 ml) and dimethylformamide (15 ml) for 4 h. The mixture was cooled and the separated solid filtered and crystallized from a suitable solvent.

Acetyl derivatives of IVj and IVn: The acetates of *IVj* and *IVn* were prepared by dissolving these compounds in the minimum amount of hot acetic anhydride and keeping the mixture at room temperature for 24 h in presence of a catalytic amount of pyridine. The mixture was digested with cold water and the separated solid filtered off and recrystallized from methanol. The analytical data are included in Table I.

The authors are thankful to Prof. E. V. Sundaram, Head of the Department of Chemistry and Dean of the Faculty of Science, Kakatiya University, Warangal, for providing the facilities. One of us (P.R.) is grateful to CSIR New Delhi for the award of junior research fellowship.

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